Cataract surgery successful despite active diabetic macular edema

A retrospective study indicates that patients with active diabetic macular edema and visually significant cataract can consider cataract surgery while maintaining an effective perioperative intravitreal anti-vascular endothelial growth factor regimen when needed.

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Netarsudil lowers IOP by improving outflow facility and reducing episcleral venous pressure

Mayo Clinic researchers have identified the mechanism of action for intraocular pressure (IOP) reduction by netarsudil in patients with primary open-angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension

Learn more
Intense pulsed light expands treatment options for patients with ocular rosacea

Mayo Clinic offers intense pulsed light combined with meibomian gland expression to treat ocular rosacea and meibomian gland disease with dry eye symptoms successfully.

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